PART VI.—WIRE COMMUNICATIONS.*

The statistics regarding communication by wire are classified under two sections—telegraphs and telephones.

Section 1.—Telegraphs.

The early history of telegraphic communication in Canada is given at p. 778 of the 1934-35 Year Book.

Dominion Government Telegraph Service.—This service is operated by the Telegraph Branch of the Department of Public Works. Its general object has been to furnish wire communications for outlying and sparsely settled districts where the amount of business is so small that commercial companies will not enter the field but where the public interests require that there should be communication. facilities include: telegraph and telephone services to scattered settlements around the coast of Cape Breton island; cable services to Campobello, Grand Manan, and other islands in the bay of Fundy, to Prince Edward Island, Magdalen islands, and Anticosti island in the gulf of St. Lawrence; telegraph or telephone services along the north shore of the gulf of St. Lawrence from Quebec to the straits of Belle Isle: cable connections with Pelee and Manitoulin islands in Ontario; some lines to northern outlying districts in Saskatchewan; lines from Edmonton to the Athabaska and Peace River country in Alberta; telegraph or telephone communications around the coast of Vancouver island and to fishing, lumbering, and mining settlements along the coast of the mainland of British Columbia, as well as to isolated mining centres in the interior; and finally the overland telegraph line to Dawson and other settlements in Yukon. Statistics of these services are included in the tables which follow.

Summary Statistics of All Canadian Telegraphs, calendar years 1929-37. Nore.—Figures for the years 1920-28 will be found at p. 722 of the 1938 Year Book.

Year.	Gross Revenue.	Operating Expenses.			Wire Mil eag e.	Em- ployees. *	Offices.	Messages, Land.	Cable- grams.*	Money Trans- ferred.
	\$	\$	\$	miles.	miles.	No.	No.	No.	No.	\$
1929 1930 1931 1932 1938 1934 1935 1936 1987	14,264,997 11,641,729	10,720,949 9,020,052 8,122,964 8,436,144 8,416,329 8,710,349	2,473,706 920,780 361,023 1,144,751 1,536,483 1,325,065 1,668,524	52,824 53,228 52,362 52,112 52,406 53,034 52,907	371,747	7,331 6,637 5,788 5,263 8,624 5,903	4,662 4,474 4,248 4,115 4,171 4,103 4,121	18,029,973 15,558,224 13,200,198 10,519,433 10,095,061 10,526,496 11,138,835 12,735,186 13,456,330	2,053,059 1,784,787 1,514,321 1,597,044 1,691,477 1,297,454 1,391,903	11,295,857 10,213,475 7,475,928 4,698,660 3,632,910 3,950,854 3,834,458 4,296,738 4,550,731

¹ Excluding commission operators.

Telegraph Systems.—The Canadian telegraph systems are composed of lines owned by the Dominion Government and by chartered railway and telegraph companies. The Canadian facilities, in proportion to population, are among the most extensive in the world, and are operated under considerable climatic and geographical disadvantages. In the operation of railways and in the receipt and dispatch of market and press reports, the service to the nation is invaluable.

² Excluding messages relayed to the United States.

Revised by G. S. Wrong, B.Sc., Chief of the Transportation and Public Utilities Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This Branch issues annual reports dealing with telegraph and telephone statistics, respectively, to which the reader is referred for more detailed information.